

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**1.1 Product identifier****1.1.1 Commercial Product Name**

PRF 6-68

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**1.2.1 Recommended use**

Cleaning agent

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**1.3.1 Supplier**

Taerosol Oy

Street address

Hampuntie 21

Postcode and post office

36220

Postcode and post office

Kangasala Finland

Telephone

03-3565600

Email

tarmo.dahlman@taerosol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number**1.4.1 Telephone number, name and address**

Myrkytystietokeskus, Stenberginkatu 9, PL 100, 00210 Helsinki, 09-4711(vaihde),
09-471977 (suora)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****1272/2008 (CLP)**

Flam. Aerosol 1, H222

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

67/548/EEC - 1999/45/EC

F+, Xi, N; R12-36-38-51/53-67

2.2 Label elements**1272/2008 (CLP)**

GHS08 - GHS09 - GHS07 - GHS02

Signal word **Danger****Hazard Statements**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

2.3 Other hazards

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures			
Hazardous components			
CAS/EC and Reg. number	Chemical name of the substance	Concentration	Classification
64742-49-0	Naphtha (petroleum),hydrotreatedlight	40-50%	CLP:Flam.Liq. 2; H225 R 12 Skin.Irrit. 2; H315 R 38 STOT SE 3; H336 R 67 Asp.tox 1; H304 R 65 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 R 51/53 ;
106-97-8	butan	25-35%	265-151-9 F+; R12 ;Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas 200-857-2
74-98-6	propan	25-35%	F+; R12 ;Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas 200-827-9
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	10-20%	F; R11; Xi; R36; R67 ;Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 200-661-7

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- 4.1 Description of first aid measures**
Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.
- 4.1.2 Inhalation**
In the case of inhalation of aerosol/mist consult a physician if necessary.
- 4.1.3 Skin contact**
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- 4.1.4 Eye contact**
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- 4.1.5 Ingestion**
If swallowed, call a poison control centre or doctor immediately.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.
- 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Aspiration hazard

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1 Extinguishing media**
- 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media**
Alcohol-resistant foam
- 5.1.2 Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons**
Do NOT use water jet.

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Explosive reaction may occur on heating or burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Alcohol-resistant foam

5.4 Specific methods

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone. Prevent unauthorised persons entering the zone. Pay attention to the spreading of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the wind.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

-

6.4 Reference to other sections

-

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. No sparking tools should be used. Do not taste or swallow. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke. Do not empty into drains. Do not store near combustible materials. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Prevent vapour buildup by providing adequate ventilation during and after use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near combustible materials. Storage of flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

-

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

-

8.1.1 Threshold limits

64742-49-0	Naphtha(petroleum), hydrotreatedlight	500 ppm (8 h)	630 ppm (15 min)
		1800 mg/m ³ (8 h)	2300 mg/m ³ (15 min)
106-97-8	butan	800 ppm (8 h)	1000 ppm (15 min)
		1900 mg/m ³ (8 h)	2350 mg/m ³ (15 min)
74-98-6	propan	800 ppm (8 h)	1100 ppm (15 min)
		1500 mg/m ³ (8 h)	2000 mg/m ³ (15 min)
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	200 ppm (8 h)	250 ppm (15 min)
		500 mg/m ³ (8 h)	620 mg/m ³ (15 min)

8.1.2 Other information on limit values

-

8.1.3 Limit values in other countries

-

8.1.4 DNELs

-

8.1.5 PNECs

-

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

8.2 Exposure controls**8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls**

-

8.2.2 Individual protection measures**8.2.2.1 Respiratory protection**

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not inhale aerosol. Even in case of a full release, due to the small amount of substances present, it is not expected that exposure limits will be reached.

8.2.2.2 Hand protection

It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

8.2.2.3 Eye/face protection

Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

8.2.2.4 Skin protection

Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

-

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Important Health Safety and Environmental Information****9.1.1 Appearance**

aerosol

9.1.2 Odour

hydrocarbon-like

9.1.3 Odour threshold

-

9.1.4 pH

7

9.1.5 Melting point/freezing point

-10°C

9.1.6 Initial boiling point and boiling range

< -20 °C

9.1.7 Flash point

Alle 0 °C

9.1.8 Evaporation rate

-

9.1.9 Flammability (solid, gas)

Extremely flammable.

9.1.10 Explosive properties**9.1.10.1 Lower explosion limit**

2,3 til-%

9.1.10.2 Upper explosion limit

9,5 til-%

9.1.11 Vapour pressure

-

9.1.12 Vapour density

-

9.1.13 Relative density

-

9.1.14 Solubility(ies)**9.1.14.1 Water solubility**

insoluble

9.1.14.2 Fat solubility (solvent - oil to be specified)

Soluble in hydrocarbons

9.1.15 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

-

9.1.16 Auto-ignition temperature

-

9.1.17 Decomposition temperature

-

9.1.18 Viscosity

-

9.1.19 Explosive properties

-

9.1.20 Oxidising properties

-

9.2 Other information

-

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

- 10.1 Reactivity**
Exposure to sunlight.
- 10.2 Chemical stability**
Stable
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**
-
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid**
Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials**
-
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**
-

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 11.1 Information on toxicological effects**
- 11.1.1 Acute toxicity**
LD50/oral/rat =16750 OECD Test Guideline 401
LC50/inhalation/ 4 h/rat =259000mg/m3OECD Test Guideline 403
LD50/dermal/rabbit =3350mg/kgOECD Test Guideline 402
- 11.1.2 Irritation and corrosion**
Solvents may degrease the skin. Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation.
- 11.1.3 Sensitisation**
-
- 11.1.4 Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity**
-
- 11.1.5 STOT-single exposure**
Aspiration hazard
- 11.1.7 Aspiration hazard**
Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.
- 11.1.8 Other information on acute toxicity**
-

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12.1 Toxicity**
- 12.1.1 Aquatic toxicity**
LC50/96h/rainbow trout =10<LC/EC
LC50/96h/algae =10mg/l1
LC50/96h/Sheephead minnows =May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- 12.1.2 Toxicity to other organisms**
May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Very toxic to fish. Very toxic to algae.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability**
- 12.2.1 Biodegradation**
Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
- 12.2.2 Chemical degradation**
Readily biodegradable, according to appropriate OECD test.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**
Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil**
-

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

-

12.6 Other adverse effects

-

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

13.2 Waste from residues / unused products

-

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1 UN number** 1950**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Aerosols**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)** 2.1**14.4 Packing group** 2**14.5 Environmental hazards** -**14.6 Special precautions for users**

-

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

-

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
2B - Aerosols**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

-

16. OTHER INFORMATION**16.1 Additions, Deletions, Revisions**

REGULATION (EC) No 453/2010

16.2 Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

-

16.3 Key literature references and sources for data

-

16.5 List of relevant R phrases, hazard statements, safety phrases and/or precautionary statements

R12 Extremely flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

16.6 Training advice

-

16.7 Recommended restrictions

-

PRF 6-68

Date 3.9.2013

Previous date: 3.9.2013

16.8 **Additional information available from:**
www.taerosol.com